

U.G. 5th Semester Examination 2021

MATHEMATICS (Honours)

Paper : DSE-2

(CBCS)

Full Marks : 32

Time : 2 Hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Notations and symbols have their usual meanings.*

DSE-1A

[Differential Geometry]

Group - A

(4 Marks)

1. Answer any **four** questions : 4×1=4

- (a) If $i, j = 1, 2, \dots, n$. $\sum \delta_{ij} = ?$
- (b) Given A^i are functions of (x^1, x^2, \dots, x^n) . Where $A^i B_i$ is an invariant. If B_i be a covariant vector what is A^i , justify.
- (c) Describe Riemannian space.
- (d) Define binormal of a space curve.
- (e) Parametrize the unit circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$.
- (f) Write the canonical geodesic equation.
- (g) What is the curvature of a unit circle.

Group - B

(10 Marks)

Answer any *two* questions :

2×5=10

2. Calculate tangent vector (T), principal normal vector (N), Binormal (B) of the curve :
 $\alpha(t) = (\cosh t, \sinh t, t)$.
3. Calculate any two christoffel symbols for the space curve $x(u, v) = (u \cos v, u \sin v, u)$.
4. Show that covariant derivative of g_{ij} and δ_{ij} is zero.
5. Show that in S_n , a symmetric covariant tensor of order two has at most $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$ different components.

Group - C

(18 Marks)

Answer any *two* questions :

2×9=18

6. (a) What are the symmetric and skew-symmetric tensor. Show that any tensor of type (0, 2) is the sum of a symmetric and an skew-symmetric tensor. 2+3
(b) Show that $A_{i,j}$ the covariant derivative of a covariant tensor is a tensor of type (0, 2). 4
7. State and prove serret-Frenet formula. 9
8. (a) Deduce the equation of Geodesic. 5
(b) If the metric is given by $ds^2 = 5(dx^1)^2 + 3(dx^2)^2 + 4(dx^3)^2 - 6dx^1dx^2 + 4dx^2dx^3$
Evaluate : (i) g and (ii) g^{ij} 4

DSE-2B
[Fluid Mechanics]

Full Marks : 32

Time : 2 Hours

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Group - A
(4 Marks)

1. Answer any *four* questions : 4×1=4

- (a) Explain the terms Perfect fluid and pressure at a point in a fluid.
- (b) Prove that, the pressure at any point within liquid is given by $p = hfg$.
- (c) What are the difference between Lagrangian and Eulerian method?
- (d) State Pascal's law.
- (e) Discuss steady and unsteady flow with example.
- (f) Test whether the motion specified by $\vec{q} = \frac{\lambda^2 (x\hat{j} - y\hat{i})}{x^2 + y^2}$ ($\lambda = \text{constant}$)
is a possible motion for an incompressible fluid.
- (g) State Reynolds transport theorem.

Group - B
(10 Marks)

Answer any *two* questions : 2×5=10

2. A fine tube bent in the form of an ellipse is held with its plane vertical and its filled with n liquids whose densities are $\rho_1, \rho_2, \dots, \rho_n$ taken in order round the elliptic tube. If r_1, r_2, \dots, r_n be the densities of the points of separation from either focus, Prove that
- $$r_1(\rho_1 - \rho_2) + r_2(\rho_2 - \rho_3) + \dots + r_n(\rho_n - \rho_1) = 0.$$
- 5

3. A Semi-circular area is completely immersed in water with its plane vertical, so that the extremity A of its bounding diameter is in the surface and the diameter makes with the surface an angle α . Prove that if E be the C.P. and θ the angle between AE and the diameter, $\tan \theta = \frac{3\pi + 16 \tan \alpha}{16 + 15\pi \tan \alpha}$ 5
4. Obtain the fundamental equation in the form $\text{grad } p = \int \vec{F}$ for a fluid in equilibrium under a given system of external forces \vec{F} per unit mass of the fluid. Hence show that the necessary condition of equilibrium is $\vec{F} \cdot \text{Curl } \vec{F} = 0$.
5. Define the equation of continuity. Obtain an expression for continuity equation for a three dimensional steady incompressible flow. 5

Group - C
(18 Marks)

Answer any *two* questions :

2×9=18

6. (a) Show that the pressure at a point in a fluid in equilibrium is the same in every direction. 4
- (b) Show that the pressure at a small depth z below the surface of a sphere of water attracted to the center of the sphere with a force producing an acceleration $\frac{\mu}{r^2}$ at a distance r approximately $\pi + \rho g \left(z + \frac{z^2}{a} \right)$, where a is the radius of the sphere and g the attraction of unit mass at the surface of the sphere. 5
7. (a) Show that the depth of the centre of pressure of a plane area immersed in a liquid is greater than the depth of its centre of gravity. 4
- (b) Show that the forces represented by $X = \mu(y^2 + yz + z^2), Y = \mu(z^2 + zx + x^2), Z = \mu(x^2 + xy + y^2)$ will keep a mass of liquid at rest, if the density $\propto \frac{1}{(\text{distance})^2}$ from the plane $x + y + z = 0$, and the curves of equal pressure and density will be circles. 5

8. (a) For an incompressible fluid $\vec{q} = (-wy, wx, 0)$ ($w = \text{constant}$), discuss the nature of the flow.

(b) Prove that the acceleration of a fluid particle at P is given by

$$\vec{f} = \frac{\partial \vec{q}}{\partial t} + \text{grad} \left(\frac{1}{2} \vec{q}^2 \right) - \vec{q} \times \text{Curl } \vec{q}. \quad 4+5$$

DSE-2C
[Portfolio Optimization]

Full Marks : 32

Time : 2 Hours

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Group - A

(4 Marks)

1. Answer any **four** questions : 1×4=4
- (a) What is investment Risk?
 - (b) What is Ex-post return and Ex-anti return?
 - (c) What do you mean by minimum variance portfolio?
 - (d) If a portfolio contains 50 securities, determine the total information required under Markowitz Model.
 - (e) What is β of security?
 - (f) What is Security market line (SML)?
 - (g) What is Sharpe's risk Index?

Group - B

(10 Marks)

Answer any **two** questions : 2×5=10

- 2. Derive the portfolio return and portfolio risk of 2 securities.
- 3. If return of two assets are perfectly correlated then determine the shape of efficient frontier.
- 4. Write the difference between CML (Capital Market Line) and SML (Security Market Line).
- 5. Discuss Jensen's performance measure for Portfolios.

Group - C

(18 Marks)

Answer any *two* questions :

2×9=18

6. How do you select the best combination of securities in portfolio for risk minimization?
 7. What is Diversification? What is systematic and unsystematic risk?
 8. Discuss Eugene Fama's Portfolio Decomposition.
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