(2)

	-	
	2	(c) What is Real time operating system?
	2	(d) Differentiate between ++a and a++.
	2	6. (a) What is 'size of' operator?
Full Ma	perator—	(b) Write the statement using conditional op
7		if $(a > b)$
		x = a;
2.		else
	2	x = b;
	6	(c) Write an algorithm for disk scheduling.
observi		7. Write a C Program to print fibonacci serie
2.	10	th the sum of the series.
3.	8. Write a C Program to find out factorial of any	
series-	10	mber.
- 4		
& % >		

P-II (1+1+1) G/13

P.T.O.

2013

COMPUTER SCIENCE (General)

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4/54 - 350

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P-II(1+1+1) G /14

2014

COMPUTER SCIENCE (General)

Fourth Paper

Full Marks: 50

Time: Two Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Answer five questions, from the following.

10×5=50

- 1. Write a program to add first n odd numbers using
 - (i) for loop
 - (ii) while loop.

21/2×2=5

Hence explain the difference of execution of 'for loop' and 'while loop'.

Modify the same program with do while loop.

- (i) Explain the use of call by 'value' and call by 'reference' with programming code in C.
- (ii) Explain with example the unary and binary operators in C. 5+5=10
- 3. (i) What is address of a variable? What is 'pointer' and what is 'pointer-to-pointer'?

P.T.O.

(2)

- (ii) Write a C program to access the elements of an array (two dimensional) using pointer variable.
 - (iii) What is void function? (1+1+1)+5+2=10
 - 4. (i) What are the functions of an operating system?
- (ii) Do you think of a computer system without an OS ? Justify.

Explain the terms 'multitasking', 'multiuser' and 'time sharing'.

- (iii) Compare the features of windows and unix operating system. 2+2+3+3=10
 - 5. (i) What do you mean by CPU scheduling?

Compare the advantages and disadvantages of shortest job first and round-robin scheduling.

(ii) What is a Semaphore Variable? What do you mean by 'Critical Region'?

Explain how a Critical Region problem can be solved with semaphore variable. (2+3)+(1+1+3)=10

- 6. (i) What is 'Deadlock' situation?
- (ii) Write down the conditions of a deadlock situation.
 - (iii) How deadlock can be prevented? 2+6+2=10

(3)

7. Write short notes on (any two):

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

- (i) Multiprogramming.
- (ii) Page replacement algorithms FIFO and NRU.
- (iii) Virtual Memory.
- (iv) Cache Memory.

4/54-525

(2)

6. Write short notes on (any two):

5×2=10

- (i) Resource allocation Graph.
- (ii) Demand paging.
- (iii) Pointer in C.
- (iv) Structure and Union in C.
- (a) Discuss different type of if-then-else statement using C code.
- (b) What is multiway branching? Explain with example. 6+4=10

P-II (1+1+1) G/15

2015

COMPUTER SCIENCE (General) Fourth Paper

Full Marks: 50

Time: Two Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Answer any five questions.

10×5=50

- Discuss operator precedence and associativity in C.
 What is operator?
- What is keyword? What is token? Discuss different type of C token give example. 2+2+4+2=10
- Write a C Program to print first 10 fibonacci number.
- What is operating system? Give example. What is process? Discuss different state of a processes.

2+1+2+5=10

- 5. (a) What is CPU scheduling technique ?
- (b) Discuss different type of CPU scheduling technique with example.
- (c) What do you understand about page replacement techniques? 2+5+3=10

P.T.O.

4/54-525