UG/1st Sem/H/20 (CBCS)

#### 2020

## PHYSICS (Honours)

Paper: PHYH-DC-1T [CBCS]

Full Marks: 25 Time: Two Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

1. Answer any five questions:

 $2 \times 5 = 10$ 

- (a) Define scalar field and vector field. Give example of each.
- (b) If a vector field is given by  $\vec{F} = (x^2 + y^2 + x)\hat{i} (2xy + y)\hat{j}$ . Is this field irrotational?
- (c) If  $\vec{r} = t\hat{i} t^2\hat{j} + (t-1)\hat{k}$  and  $\vec{S} = 2t^2\hat{i} + 6t\hat{k}$ , evaluate  $\int_0^2 \vec{r} \cdot \vec{S} dt$
- (d) With the help of divergence theorem, show that  $\int (\vec{\nabla} \phi \times \vec{\nabla} \psi) d\vec{s} = 0$
- (e) Find the value  $\lambda$ , for the differential equation  $(xy^2 + \lambda x^2y)dx + (x+y)x^2dy = 0$  is exact.
- (f) Evaluate the integral  $I = \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-31} \delta(t-4) dt$

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- (g) Solve the following differential equation  $\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} \frac{d^3y}{dx^3} = 0$
- (h) Find the unit normal to the surface  $xy^3z^2 = 4$  at (-1,-1,2)
- 2. Answer any three questions:

5×3=15

- (a) Use the Divergence Theorem, evaluate  $\iint F dS$  where  $F = 4xi 2y^2j + z^2k$  and S is the surface bounding the region  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ , z = 0 and z = 3.
- (b) Prove that the spherical polar coordinate system is orthogonal. 5
- (c) Evaluate  $\iiint (2x+y)dV$ , where V is closed region bounded by the cylinder  $z=4-x^2$  and the planes x=0, y=0, y=2 and z=0.
- (d) Solve:  $\cos^2 x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = \tan x$
- (e) Solve  $(D^2 6D + 9) = 6e^{3x} + 7e^{-2x} \log^2$

## UG/1st Sem/H/20 (CBCS)

#### 2020

# PHYSICS (Honours)

Paper: PHYH-DC-2T [CBCS]

Full Marks: 25 Time: Two Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

### 1. Answer any five questions:

 $2 \times 5 = 10$ 

- (a) What do you mean by non-mertial frames? Give an example of such frame.
- (b) A particle moves in a field of force given by F<sub>x</sub> = yz(1 − 2xyz) and F<sub>z</sub> = xy(1 − 2xyz). Verify that the force is conservative.
- (d) Show that the rocket speed is twice the exhaust speed when  $\frac{M_0}{M} = e^2$
- (e) Explain why a hollow cylinder is stronger than a solid cylinder of the same length, mass and material.
- (f) Calculate the Poisson's ratio for silver. Given Young's modulus for the silver is 7.25×10<sup>10</sup> N/m<sup>2</sup> and bulk modulus is 11×10<sup>10</sup> N/m<sup>2</sup>.
- (g) State Kepler's laws of planetary motion.

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#### Answer any three questions:

- $5 \times 3 = 15$
- (a) Prove that the kinetic energy of rotation of a rigid body can be expressed in the form  $T = \frac{1}{2} I_{ij} \omega_i \omega_j$  with the convention that repeated indices are summed over x, y, z and show that relative to any point in the rigid body it can be simplified to the form  $T = \frac{1}{2} \left( I_1 \omega_1^2 + I_2 \omega_2^2 + I_3 \omega_3^2 \right)$ . 4+1=5
- (b) Derive an expression for the equation of continuity of an ideal fluid of density ρ. What is the form of this equation, when the fluid is incompressible?
- (c) (i) If a body falls freely in the earth's gravitational field form infinity, show that it attains the same velocity as that attained by a free fall from a height above the earth equal to the radius R under a constant acceleration of gravity 'g'.
  - (ii) The differential equation of the orbit of a particle of mass m under a central force is given by \[ \frac{d^2u}{d\theta^2} + u = -\frac{m}{L^2u^2} f\left(\frac{1}{u}\right) \] where \[ u = \frac{1}{r}, \]
    \[ \L = \text{ constant, other notations have usual significance. Use the above relation and consider the following: A particle moves in a central orbit described by \[ r = e^{(-u\theta)}, \alpha \] is a positive constant, with force centre at \[ O \]. Find the nature of the force as a function of \[ r. \]. \[ 3+2=5 \]
- (d) With necessary assumptions, deduce Poiseuille's formula for the viscous flow of a liquid in a capillary tube.
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- (e) Find the depression of a cantilever beam of uniform cross-section and weight W, when loaded at the free end by a weight W<sub>0</sub>.
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