UGB Semester-II (CBCS) H/ Pr/ 2020 (N) 2020

Geography (H)

Paper DC3B & DC4B

(Practical)

Gour Mahavidyalaya

Full Marks: 30 Time: Four Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks

DC3B

The following table shows the age-sex composition of the population for two countries, A and B.
Compare the demographic conditions of these two countries with suitable diagrams and comment on it.

Age Group (Years)	Country-A		Country B	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
0-14	5,03,013	4,78,901	58,05,102	57,13,815
15-24	3,36,597	3,20,720	22,46,670	23,06,285
25-35	5,04,200	4,80,000	15,80,302	1607318
36-54	6,50,000	5,93,919	10,85,900	10,93,066
55-64	3,28,865	3,18,398	3,57,832	3,64,774
65 and above	4,42,232	5,10,594	2,93,430	3,17,866
Total	27,64,907	27,02,532	1,13,69,236	1,14,03,124

- 2. In India, as per Census 2011, the total population was 1,210,193,422 on which 24.6% were farmers. The total geographical area of India is 3,287,240 sq km. If the proportion of cultivated area to the total geographical area is 60.45 %, what will be the Agricultural Density of Population of India?
- 3. What are the three critical values in the nearest neighbour index (NNI) and what do these mean?.

Arrange the cities of Myanmar in a log-log graph paper after Zipf. 5			
SL No	City/ Town	Population, 2010	
1	Dwarka	3397187	
2	Chitagung	1363998	
3	Khulpi	545849	
4	Nayabahadur	299671	
5	Rango	203931	
6	Mymenser	185517	
7	Barish	163481	
8	Jessusi	160198	
9	Tongala	154174	
10	Comicar	143282	

5. Laboratory notebook and Viva-vioce.

2

DC4B

- 6. Write a short note on the merits and demerits of the choropleth map. 2+2=4
- 7. Which are the cartogram techniques used to represent land use/cover data and importance of 1+2=3chorochromatic map?
- 8. Write the difference between choropleth and chorochromatic map with example. What are the uses of isoline maps? 4+2=6
- 9. Laboratory notebook and Viva-vioce. 2

Submit the answer scripts in the following link: https://forms.gle/GmCDHm3CpSmae4KB7