Programme Specific Outcomes (PSO) Sociology (Major) NEP

Having completed graduation in sociology, the students are expected to acquire the following qualities:

- PSO1: The students will have the fundamental knowledge of sociological concepts and theories.
- PSO2: They will develop skills in research methodologies and its practical applications.
- PSO3: The students will develop "sociological imagination" that will help in resolving day to day issues with greater competency.
- PSO4: They will have an in-depth understanding of the philosophies of different thinkers and also know how each one's ideas are contextually relevant.
- PSO5: A degree in this subject will help the individual work in various sectors of the economy.
- PSO6: The students will develop better understanding of behavioural traits of individuals and groups that will help him or her to work better.
- PSO7: A sociological spirit helps in building national integrity as diversities are accommodated in attitudes and opinions.

Programme Outcomes (PO) Sociology (Major)

By choosing this programme, the learner should be able to:

- a. get a holistic understanding of society;
- b. identify similarities and differences between societies and cultures;
- c. describe the past and look at possible future scenarios
- d. explain complex phenomena through its underlying structure.

The aim is making the students self -reliant with necessary proficiency for a wide variety of career with entrepreneurial skills and placement.

The discipline also empowers the students to appear for various competitive examination or research problem of their choice.

It enables the students to acquire the knowledge with human values farming the base to deal with various problems in life with courage and humanity.

The students will acquire in depth knowledge in the field of social, Literature and humanities.

Practical training/ exposure through field visit, Research project , expert lectures, demonstration, workshop and seminar gives hand-on experience to student

Job Opportunities: Students will have the opportunity to join professional career in Sociology and allied fields. Sociology provides an intellectual background for students considering career, social services, public policy, government service, non-governmental organizations, or academia. This programme lays foundation for further study in Sociology, Social work, Rural Development, Social Welfare and in other allied subjects

Course Outcomes (CO) Subject: Sociology (Major)

SEMESTER	COURSE	COURSE NAME (TOPIC)	COURSE OUTCOME (CO)
SEM 1	MC-1	INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY	This module will invite the students to the world of sociological reasoning, understanding of concepts, and fundamental theorization. This will enable the learners to delineate areas of similarities and dissimilarities between sociology
			and other social sciences and will equip the students

		with ideas on social institutions, social processes, social control, deviance and conformity, and social change.
2 MC-2	FOUNDATIONS OF SOCIAL THOUGHTS (WESTERN)	Western: This module will help the students trace the journey of sociology from the time of its inception and the contribution of Auguste Comte in establishing it as the youngest discipline of social science. This module will enable the learners to understand the great works of Karl Marx, Max Weber, Pareto, Durkheim etc and form ideas on their work and contribution to sociology. Indian: This module will help the students to know the contribution of various Indologists like Benoy Kumar Sarkar, A.R. Desai, D.N. Majumder, M.N. Srinivas etc and their ideas on caste and race; and cities and civilization. will enable the learners to understand personality society

		and values . explore the dichotomy between tradition and modernity.
SEC-1	SOCIAL WELFARE, LEGISLATION AND JUSTICE	This module will enable the students to understand society in the arena of social policies in India and its relevance in

	contemporary India. This will help the learner understand
	the social legislation, constitution of India and role of social
	worker in promotion of social justice.

SEM 2	MC 2	SOCIOLOGICAL	This module will
SEM 2	MC-3		
		THEORY	help explore the
			various perspectives
			needed to
			understand the
			discipline of
			sociology. This
			module will also
			help the students
			understand the
			general arguments,
			contributions of
			Parsons & Merton,
			and a critical
			overview of
			functionalism. This
			module will also
			help the students
			understand the
			general arguments,
			and contributions of
			Max Weber to
			interpretative
			sociology. Further,
			this module will
			help the students to
			learn about the basic
			features, general
			arguments on
			conflict theory,
			exchange theory,
			symbolic
			interactionism,
			phenomenology and
			ethnomethodogy.
	MC-4	SOCIETY IN INDIA	This module will help
			the learners
			understand the
			fundamental ideas of
			nationalist, colonial,

SE	EC 2	SURVEY METHOD IN SOCIAL RESEARCH	This module will help st the process of research, of designs used, sampling the employed and an overvious students will learn the in statistics in social research will help the learners ide measurement in social	different research echniques ew of the field. The apportance of ch. This module ntify the levels of
				and subaltern discourses of nationalism. This module will also enable the students explore the basic elements that make up the Indian society and how each element contributes to the making of 'India as a Nation'.
		MC-5	PROTESTS, RESISTANCE AND MOVEMENTS	This module will help the students understand the fundamental ideologies of resistance movements, their trajectories, and how effectively they

			bring about social change. This module will help the students identify the areas of challenges that confront society, state and civilization and how such challenges can be turned into opportunities for nation building.
SEM 4	MC-7	RURAL SOCIETY IN INDIA URBAN SOCIETY IN INDIA	By studying this module the students will learn about the interactions and social institutions of rural communities. Rural sociology helps to provide information about rural life in an increasingly urbanized world. Rural sociology also has applied component that helps variety of fields engage with rural societies. It is a normative discipline of sociology seeking to study the structures, environmental processes, changes and problems of an urban area and by doing so provide inputs for urban planning and policy making. In other words, it is the sociological study of cities and their role in the

			development of society
SEM 5	MC-8	Foundation of Sociological Thought(Indian)	Indian: This module will help the students to know the contribution of various Indologists like Benoy Kumar Sarkar, A.R. Desai, D.N. Majumder, M.N. Srinivas etc and their ideas on caste and race; and cities and civilization. Will enable the learners to understand personality society and values. explore the dichotomy between tradition and modernity.

	MCO	INDUCTOIAL	This are deal - '11
	MC-9	INDUSTRIAL	This module will
		SOCIOLOGY	introduce the
			students to the
			genesis of sociology
			work and industry
			associated therein.
			This module will
			further help in
			exploring the
			variety of
			perspectives in
			sociology of work
			and industry like
			industrialism,
			information society
			and post industrial
			society. This
			module will aid in
			understanding the
			interrelationships
			between alienation
			and work, gender
			and work, unpaid
			work and forced
			labour. This module
			will explore the
			problems of
			informal work and
			women's
			participation in
			informal work.
			Further this module
			will explore the
			problems ,risks and
			hazards of industries
			and vulnerability-
			exposure.
	MC-10	POPULATION	This module will
		AND SOCIETY	help the students
		MIND SOCIETI	understand the basic
			ideas with reference
			to population
			studies. This module
			will enable the
			learners to get the
L	1	1	iomnois to got the

determining social structures.

MC 11	COCIOLOGY OF	The main chiestines
MC-11	SOCIOLOGY OF TRIBAL SOCIETY	The main objectives of tribal studies
	TRIBAL SOCIETT	are to formulate and
		undertake projects
		and programmes on
		tribal studies and
		research for
		promotion of tribal
		art, culture, tradition
		and heritage and
		their preservation
		and promotion; to
		undertake projects
		for improving
		agricultural and
		horticultural
		productivity of
		tribal people. Tribal
		Studies has been
		considered as an
		important part of
		social and cultural
		anthropology
		and contributed
		immensely to the
		growth of
		knowledge in
		academics. In fact
		the origin and
		growth of the
		discipline of
		anthropology has its
		main root in tribal
	J	

SEM 6			
	MC-12	SOCIOLOGY OF ENVIRONMENT	This module will help explore the various perspectives needed to understand the development of environmental sociology. This will help the students understand several approaches to conceptualize the relationship between individuals, society and environment. This module will further help the students understand the various environmental movements in India and their impact on society at large.
	MC-13	SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY	Science, Technology &

		AND SOCIETY	Society is an interdisciplinary field of study that seeks to explore and understand the many ways that modern science and technology shape modern culture, values, and institutions, and how modern values shape science and technology.
N	MC-14	SOCIAL RESEARCH METHODS	This module will help in a clearer understanding of social research, objectives and typology, relationships

		between theory and research, concept of hypothesis and the idea of objectivity and reflexivity. This module will aid in better understanding
		of the different methodological perspectives needed for social research.
		This module will help the students dive into the world of sociological techniques
MC 15	DETHINKING	employed for carrying out research activity.
MC-15	RETHINKING DEVELOPMENT	research activity. The course "Rethinking Development" aims to sociologically examine the complexities of the process of development as it unfolded in the societies of the developing world. It explores specific issues of development such as modernisation, poverty, inequality, underdevelopment; as well contemporary concerns such as capability, decentralization, displacement, gender, participation and sustainable
		development. The course reviews the major debates on development from two important theoretical

	perspectives, i.e. modernization theory and dependency theory. It also highlights the post-development as well as the world
	system perspectives of development.

		studies.
MC-16	GENDER AND	This module will
	SOCIETY	help the students
		understand the basic
		concepts related to
		sociology of gender.
		This module will
		enable the learners
		to explore the
		socio cultural
		construction of
		gender. This will
		help the students
		learn about the ideas
		behind gender
		differences,
		discrimination,
		segregation and
		other forms of
		exclusions and will
		help the students
		learn the
		fundamentals of
		gender
		discrimination and
		the consequences on
		society.

MC-17	SOCIOLOGY OF HEALTH AND MEDICINE	Medical sociologists are interested in how social transitions, whether political or economic, affect health care systems. They are interested
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	in the course,
	causes, and
	consequences of
	such social
	transitions in the
	health care sector.
	Medical sociology
	is a specialization

	within sociology that
	focuses on issues of
	health, illness, and medicine in society.
	The broad scope of this specialization
	requires further
	specialization for each sociologist or
	study.

SEM 6	MC-18	STATISTICS FOR	This module will
		SOCIOLOGY	help the students
			identify the various
			statistical methods
			like central
			tendency,
			dispersion, range,
			standard deviation.
			The students will
			learn the importance
			of statistics in social
			research. They will
			also understand
			grouping of data,
			cumulative
			frequency, and
			percentage

distribution. This
will also help the
learners learn bar-
diagram, pie-chart,
frequency polygon,
histogram and
ogive.

MC-19	CRIME AND	In this module the
	SOCIETY	students will have a
		clear understanding
		and can differentiate
		between 'crime' and
		'society'. It is
		crucial to
		understand both the
		terms, 'crime' and
		'society' when we
		discuss crime and
		society. Because it
		is hard to
		comprehend crime
		without researching
		society as a whole,
		there is a
		relationship between
		criminology and
		sociology. The
		concept of deviation
		in society is where
		the idea of crime
		originates. Further
		the goal of
		criminological
		theory is to help
		one gain an
		understating of
		crime and criminal
		justice . Theories
		cover the making
		and the breaking of
		the law, criminal
		and deviant
		behavior, as well as
		patterns of criminal
		activity.
SEM 8 (DSE)	FAMILY AND	This module will deal family intimacy refers
	INTIMACY	to the emotional connection between family
		members.
		Family intimacy can rebalance the
		family decision- making power and support

	the
	autonomy of family members.