UNIVERSITY OF GOUR BANGA

SYLLABUS

FOR

SOCIOLOGY MAJOR

2023

UNDER NEP 2020

SEMESTER I: SOCIOLOGY MAJOR

MC 1 (4 Credits)

INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY

1. Fundamentals of Sociology

Definition; Nature and Scope; Sociology and other social sciences; Sociology and common sense; Growth and development of sociology as a discipline

2. **Concepts**

Society, Community, Institution, Association, Social group, Norms and Values, Folkways and Mores

3. **Individual, Culture and Society**

Meaning of Culture; 'Man in Society', 'Society in Man'; Culture and Personality; Socialization: Concept, Process, Agencies.

4. Social Institutions: Evolution and Progress

a) Family: Definition, Origin, Features, Functions, Forms, Recent changes in family structure, Alternatives to family: Step parenting, single-parent family, cohabitation, gay-parent family

Kinship terminologies, Typologies, Functions, Descent, Recent changes

b) Marriage: Definition, Marriage and promiscuous relationship, Marriage as an institution, Forms of marriage, Rules of marriage, Marriage selection in cyber-age, Recent developments.

c) Political Institution: Non – state forms of power, concept of state: Characteristics and Types. Concept of civil society

d) Economic Institution: Property, Exchange, Reciprocity, Gift exchange, Market, Recent developations.

e) Religions Institutions: Forms of religion, Religion as an institution.

f) Education as a cultural institution.

5. Social Structure: Social Relationship:

Social status, Status and Role , Multiple roles , Role – set , Role- conflict, Status- set , Status sequence.

6. Social Control:

Meaning, Nature, Purpose and agency: Religion, Education, Mass media as agencies of social control

7. Social Stratification, Inequality and Hierarchy:

Theories of Stratification, Forms of social Inequality: Caste, class, power and gender, Social hierarchies

Social mobility: Nature, forms

8. Social process and Social Change:

Social processes: Cooperation, competition, conflict, Accommodation, Assimilation

Social change: Concept: Change, Evolution and Progress, Factors of social change, Theories of social change, Concept of Cultural lag

9. Uses of Sociology:

Sociology and social problem; Sociology and social policy; Sociology and professions;

References:

Haralambos, M.- (1998) Sociology : Themes and Perspectives , OUP, New Delhi

Jayaram , N. – (1998) Introductory Sociology , Macmillan India

Mukherjee , R. – (1998) Systematic Sociology , Sage

Oommen , T.K. & Venugopal , C.N. – (1993) Sociology , Estern Book Co.

Dube , S.C. – (1992) Understanding change : Anthropological Sociological Perspectives,

Vikash Publication House, New Delhi.

Smelser, N.J. – (1993) Sociology, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi

Giddens Anthony (2009) Sociology, Polity Press.London

Beteille, Andre – (2002) Sociology Essays on Approach and methods, OUP , New Delhi

Gupta Dipankar (Ed.)- Social Stratification, OUP

Davis, K.-(1996) Human Society, Macmillan

Goode William, J. – (1998) The Family, Prentice Hall, New Delhi

Johnson, Harry A, Sociology , Allied Publishers, 1967

Bottomore, T. B., Sociology, Revised Edition Blackie and son (India) Ltd.

Broom A and Selznick P , Sociology New Work , 1962

Herskovitzs, Melville J Cultural Arthropology, Calcutta: Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. 1985

Dasgupta, S., Poulomi Saha (ed) An, Introduction to Sociology, Pearson, 2012

Jayaram, N., 2005, Introductory Sociology, Macmillan India Ltd.

Guha, K. Basic Principles of Sociology , Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi

Majumder, T.N. and D.N. Madan,2008, An Introduction to Social Anthropology, Asia Publishing House

Inkeles, A., 1999,What is Sociology, Penguin Book.

Chattopadhyay, K., 2014,The Sociology of Family Life. Booksway, Kolkata.

Chattopadhyay, K., 2013, Samajtotter Itibritta, Sangathan Anusandhaner Nana Prasangha.

Berger P., Invitation to Sociology

Giddens A., (ed), Human Society, Polity Press

MC-2

CREDIT: 4

FOUNDATIONS OF SOCIAL THOIGHT (WESTERN)

1. **Origin and development of Sociology** as an academic discipline, Role of Enlightenment , Industrial and French
Revolution, Saint- Simon

2. **Harriet Martineu**
Morals and Manners: Religion: Methodology:

3. **August Comte**
Law of Three stages; Hierarchy of sciences; Positivism; Social Statics and Social Dynamics

4. **Herbert Spencer**
Organic Analogy; Evolutionism; Social Darwinism;

5. **Emile Durkheim**
Division of Labour; Suicide; Religion: Methodology:

6. **Karl Marx**
Dialectics; Historical Materialism; Capitalism; Class and class struggle; Revolution

7. **Max Weber**
Social Action; Ideal Type; Concept of Power; Protestant Ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism

8. **Vilfredo Pareto**
Types of Action; Circulation of Elites

9. Georg Simmel

Modern Society: Social Relationships and culture; Money

References:

Aron, Raymond – (1967) Main Currents in Sociological Thoughts (2 Vols.) . Penguin Books

Barnes , H.E. – (1959) Introduction to the History of Sociology

Coser , L.A. –(1979) Masters of Sociological Thought . Oxford University Press

Abraham & Morgan – Sociological Thought . Oxford University & Press

Abraham .1982. Modern Sociological Theory , An Introduction . Oxford University.

Ritzer George and Douglas J.Goodman – (1996) Sociological Theory . Mc Graw Hill

Zeitlin , Irving – Ideology and the Development of Sociological Theory

Turner Jonathan H. 2003, The Structure of Sociological Theory , Thomson Wadswork,Chennai

Henry Morgan, Human Society

Bottomore and P. Goode (ed) Reading of Marxist Sociology, Oxford : Clarendon.

Haralambos and R.M Heald, Sociology: Themes and perspective, Oxford University Press

Mead , Mind ,Self and Society , Chicago University Press

Parsons , The Structure of social Action , New York : Mac Graw-Hill

Bannerji, A., Historical Materialism and Political Analysis : K.P. Baghi

Makhon Jha , An Introduction to Anthropological Thought , Vikas Publishing House

Behura Anthropoligal Thought and Theories : Institute of Social Research and Applied Anthropology, Calcutta.

Spencer, H., Principles of Sociology

SEC-1

CREDIT: 3

SEC FROM MAJOR DISCIPLINE

SOCIAL WELFARE, LEGISLATION AND JUSTICE

1) **Meaning and nature of Social Welfare**
   Constitution of India

   Social welfare and related instruments of constitution: parliament, local government, state government

   Social legislation as an instrument of social welfare

2) **Social welfare legacy**

   State: Law related to compulsory primary education, employment, labour legislation, health for all, social security, insurance schemes, housing need

   Beneficiaries: Dalits, Tribe, Other Backward Class, Women and children, Disadvantaged groups, Differently Abled, Elderly

References

Sen. A., Collective Choice and Social Welfare

Sen, A., The Idea of Justice, Teh Belknap Press, Harvard

Dreze J. And A. Sen, An uncertain Glory, New Jersey, Princeton University press

Social Welfare Administration: http://www.facebook.com/tms3292

Journal of Social Welfare and Human Rights: www.jswhr.com

SEMESTER II

MC-3

CREDIT: 4

SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY

1. **Sociological Theory:**
Meaning, Characteristics, Types , Role of Theory in Research

2. **Functionalism**
Origin of functionalism

Evolutionary and Neo Evolutionary Theories

Meaning and general Arguments of functionalism

Contributions of:

B. Malinowski: Culture and Function, views on primitive society

A.R. Radcliffe- Brown: Social structure, structural functionalism

T.Parsons: Voluntaristic Action Theory, Notion of System, Pattern variables

Critical overview: Substantive, Critical, Ideological criticism

3. **Conflict Theory**
Meaning; General Arguments;

Contribution of:

K.Marx: Inequality and conflict

R.Dahrendorf: Dialectical conflict Theory

L.Coser: Conflict Functionalism

Critical Overview

4. **Exchange Theory**
General Arguments

Contribution of:

G.Homans:

P. Blau:

Critical overview

5. Symbolic Interactionsm
General Arguments

Contributions of:

G. H. Mead: Mind, Self, Society

C. H. Cooley: Looking-glass self

H. Blumer:

E.Goffman: Dramaturgy, Everyday life

Critical overview

6. Phenomenology and Ethnomethodology
General Arguments

Contributions of:

A.Schutz: Life world, Intersubjectiviy

H.Garfinkel: Field as a text

References

Francis and Abrahm. 1982. Modern Sociological Theorym, An Introduction. Oxford University Press

Turner Jonathan H. 2003, The Structure Of sociological Theory. Thomson Wadswork Chennai

Mead, Mind , Self and Society, Chicago university press

Parsons, The Structure of Social Action, New York : Mac Graw-Hill

Abrahamson,Mark 1978. Functionalism. Englewood Cliffs,N J: Prentice- Hall

Black, MaX(ed) 1961/1976 The Social Theories of Talcott Parsons. Carbondale: South-ern Illinois University press

Gouldner, Alvin W. 1970 The coming Crisis of Western Sociology .New York : Basic Books.

Martindale,Don . 1960. The Nature and Types of Sociological Theory. Boston: Houghton Mifflin.

Giddens, Anthony. 1979. Central Problems in social Theory: Action , Structure and Contradiction in social Analysis. Berkeley : University of California Press.

Luhmann, Niklas. 1979. Trust and Power (Howard Davis,John Raffan,and Kathryn ROONEY, Trans) New York : John Wiley & Sons.(Two essays originally published in 1973 and 1975)

Bottomore, T.B. 1983. 'Frankfurt School' In T.B. Bottomore (Ed), A Dictionary of Marxism(pp. 182-188). Oxford: Blackwell.

Agger, Ben .1979. Western Marxism: An Introduction, Santa Monica, CA: Goodyear publishing company.

Bernstein, Richard J. (Ed.) 1985. Habermas and Modernity, Cambridge, MA: MIT Press

Calhoun, Craig. 1996. "Social Theory and the public Sphere". In Bryan S. Turner(Ed), Social Theory (pp. 429-470) Oxford: Blackwell.

MC-4

CREDIT: 4

SOCIETY IN INDIA

1. Family, Village, Community and Religion

Perspectives on family: Viewing family in pre-colonial (*mitakshara* and *dayabhaga;* Hindu succession Act), colonial and post-colonial India

Perspectives on Village: Village as a reality (Village as an autonomy; village as power-structure); caste and jajmani in pre-colonial and colonial periods and its changes after independence. Directions of village studies

Perspectives on community: Community in pre-colonial (*sampradaya parampara*), community in colonial period (rise of communitization through Hindu/ Muslim divisions; Role of Gandhi; communalism in rural areas); community in post-independent period (community and politics; community development programmes)

Use of religion in politics; Religion as *Dharma*

2. Caste, Class and Tribe

Caste, Varna, *Jati*; caste-clusters; caste-councils; purity and pollution; dominant caste; sanskritization; using caste for governance; caste and class in post-colonial period

Class in pre-colonial India; Bureaucracy, *zamindari* system in pre-colonial period; formation of social classes in colonial period; agrarian class structure; other classes in rural and urban areas in colonial period; caste, class and politics in post-independent period

Tribal issues in colonial period; tribal absorption in colonial period and after; indentured labour in colonial period; issues of tribal development in post-colonial India; Tribal welfare

3. State

State in pre-colonial India

Nation-building in colonial India

Problems to Nationhood

State in post-colonial India: Nehruian welfare state; New liberal forces and the state in India

4. Market

Market prior to colonial rule; market in colonial period: caste-based markets and trading networks; commodification of markets in colonial period; homogenization and role of money in colonial period; Primary, secondary and tertiary markets in post-colonial period; state initiated markets; Markets after period of Emergency; Branding, MNCs, and local markets after Liberalization

References :

A.R. Desai – Rural Socilogy, Popular Prakshan, Bombay

Hans Raj – (2000) Rural Sociology, Subject Publications

Doshi – (1999) Rural Sociology, Rawat Publications

Madan – India's Developing Villages, Allied Publications

Natur & A. Choudhury(ed) – (1995) Sociology and Rural Development

Lieten, 1992, Continuity & Change in Rural West Bengal, Sage Publication

Ghuye, 1969, Caste & Race in India, Bombay popular publication

Mandel baum, 1983, Sociology In India Bombay Popular Publication

Kolenda, 1997, Caste in Contemporary India, Raiwat Publications

Joshi, 1975 Land Problem in India Trends and perspectives, Allied Publishers, Calcutta

Madan, Vandana(ed) 2002, The Village in India, Oxford India Reading in Sociology and Anthropology,Delhi,OUP

Jodhka Surinder (Ed) 2012, Village Society: Essays from the EPW, New Delhi, Orient Blackman Pvt. Ltd.

· **SEC 2**

CREDIT: 3

(SEC) FROM MAJOR DISCIPLINE

SURVEY METHOD IN SOCIAL RESEARCH

1. .Importance of Research Design in Surveys
2. Conceptualization, Measurement,and Operationalization
3. Quantifying Information: Scales and Indices
4. Importance and Types of Scientific Sampling used in Surveys
5. Univariate & Bivariate Analysis, Multivariate Analysis in Survey Research

References:

- Babbie, Earl. 2001. *The Practice of Social Research (9th Edition)*. Wadsworth.
- Bryman, A. *Social Research Methods*. London: Oxford University P, 2011.
- Goode, W.J. and P. K. Hatt. *Methods in Social Research* (Indian reprint). New Delhi: Surjeet Publisher, 2006.

SEMESTER III

MC-5

(CREDIT: 4)

PROTEST, RESISTANCE AND MOVEMENTS

1. Conceptualizing Protest, Resistance and Movements

Approaches to the study of Social Movements: Marxian approach; Functionalist Theory (Oomen, Gore, Y. Singh); Theory of relative deprivation (M.S. A. Rao); Resource-mobilization theory; The identity-oriented theory;

Types of social movements: Migratory movements; Utopian movements; Reform movements; Resistance movements; Revolutionary Movements; New Social Movements (Tilly, Melucci, Turaine, Cohen)

Ideas and concepts: collective behavior, pressure groups, protest, resistance, movements, collective interest

2. Old and New Social movements in colonial and post-colonial India (with reference to leadership, organization, objectives and trajectories of the movements)

Peasant movements in colonial India; protests of the peasantry in post-independent period: green revolution and formation of collective interest groups of peasantry

Working class movements in colonial India: formation of Trade Unions; Trade Union movement in post independent India

Tribal Movements in colonial India; Tribal protests and resistance in Post-independent India

Caste-based movements in colonial and post colonial India: Dalit movement, Mandal commission, Other backward class movement

Movements for Environment in colonial and post colonial India: Chipko movement; Narmada Bachao, Silent Valley Movement

Students' movements in colonial and post colonial India

Protests, resistance of women: Anti-Price rise, Dowry, Violence

3. Everyday forms of protest

Protest as a weapon, Everydayness of protest

References:

Banks. J.A(1972), The Sociology of Social Movements, London: Macmillan

Desai A.R(ed) (1979), Peasant Struggles in India, Bombay, OUP

Dhanagare,D.N.(1983) Peasant Movements in India (1920-1950) Delhi,OUP

Gore. M.S(1993), The Social Context of an Ideology. Ambedkar s Political and Social Thoughts.New Delhi, Sage Publications

Gouldner A.W(ED) (1950), Studies in Leadership.New Delhi: Harper and Brothers

Jayal N.P. & Pai Sudha eds. (2001), Democratic Governance in India, New Delhi,Sage Publications

Rao. M.S.A(1979), Social Movement in India ,Delhi ,Manohar Publication

Singh.K.S(1982), Tribal Movements in India. New Delhi: Manohar Publication

Shah. Ghanshyam(2001), Dalit Identity and Politics, New Delhi,Sage Publications

Zelliot, Eleanor(1995),From Untouchables to Dalits: Essays on the Ambedkar Movement. Delhi. Monohar Publications.

SEC 3

CREDIT: 3

SEC FROM MAJOR DISCIPLINE

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

1. **Community Development**: Meaning, Concepts and History

2. **Rural development**: Concept, Definition, Rural development in India: Origin, Background and development of rural development in India: Sriniketan, Sevagram, Marthadam; Approaches to Rural development: Gandhi and Vinobha Bhabe; Review of Area-based rural development programmes: DADP, HADP, TADP, WDP; Review of Target-based rural development programmes: IRDP, TRYSEM, NREP, IAY, MGNREG Act

3. **Understanding Urban Community development**: Urban development programmes in India; Review of Indian experience in urban development with reference to Town-planning, slum clearance and improvements. Integrated development of small and medium towns in India; 73rd Amendment and its relevance to Urban Community Development

References:

Chahar, S.S (ed) (2005) Governance of Grassroots Level In India, New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers

Devas, Nick and Others (2006) Urban Governance, Voice and Poverty in Developing World London: Earthscan

Haldipur, R.N. Paramahamsa V R K (Eds) (1970) Local Government Institution in India, Hyderbad: National Institute of Community Development

Jain, S.C. (1967) Community Development & Panchayat Raj, Madras: Allied Publishers Pvt Ltd.

Singh, Amita (Editor) (2005) Administrative Reforms (Towards sustainable practice) New Delhi: Sage Publications

Singh, U.B. (2004) Urban Administration in India, New Delhi: Serial Publication

Bhattacharya, S. N. Community Development- An Analysis of the Programme in India. Kolkata: Academic Publisher

Jeo, Kalyani: Human Rights and Women's Rights

Mukherji, B., 1967, Community development in India, New Delhi: Orient Longman

The Indian journal of Public Administration (vol. 2, No. 1, Jan-March 2004; No. 2, April-June 2004; No. 3, July-Sept 2004; No.4 Oct-Dec 2004; Governance for Development, New Delhi:IIPA

Chahar S. S., (Ed) (2005) Governance of Grassroots Level in India, New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers

Devas, N and others (2006), Urban Governance, Voice and Poverty in Developing World, Lopndon: Earthscan

Haldipur R. N. Paramahamsa, V. R. K. (Ed) 1970, Local Government Institutions in India, Hyderabad, National Institute of Community Development

Jain, S.C. (1967) Community Development and Panchayati raj, Madras: Allied Publishers

SEMESTER IV

MC-6

(CREDIT: 4)

RURAL SOCIETY IN INDIA

1. **Rural Sociology**
   Definition, subject matter and significance of studying Rural Society, Formation of Rural society, Intellectual beginning of Rural Sociology

2. **Rural Society and Agrarian social structure**
   Characteristics of rural society, Rural-urban differences, Primary and secondary relationships

3. **Rural society in India**
   Patterns of dominance and influence, Characteristics and nature of rural leadership, Democratic decentralization of power, Panchayati raj institution: Structure and function, Power to women and waeker section

4. **Pre-colonial to colonial rural society**
   Caste, Family, Tribe, Rural-power structure, Rural economy

5. **Post-Independent India**
   Changes in rural society: Caste, Family, Tribe, Power structure, Rural Economy, Rural development programmes with special reference to IRDP,ITDP,ICDS,NREGS,DWCRA,SHG

6. **Recent transformations in rural India**
   Withering Indian village, Role of NGO'S, consumerism, Markets

References :

Desai – Rural Sociology, Popular Prakshan, Bombay

Hans Raj – (2000) Rural Sociology, Subject Publications

Doshi – (1999) Rural Sociology, Rawat Publications

Madan, G. R., India's Developing Villages, Allied Publications .

Natur & A. Choudhury (ed) – (1995) Sociology and Rural Development

Lieten, 1992, Continuity & Change in Rural West Bengal, Sage Publication

Ghuye, 1969, Caste & Race in India, Bombay popular publication

David Mandelbaum, 1983, Sociology In India Bombay Popular Publication

Kolenda, 1997, Caste in Contemporary India, Rawat Publications

Joshi, 1975 Land Problem in India Trends and perspectives, Allied Publishers,Calcutta

Madan, Vandana(ed) 2002, The Village in India , Oxford India Reading in Sociology and Anthropology,Delhi,OUP

Jodhka Surinder(Ed)2012, Village Society : Essays from the EPW, New Delhi, Orient Blackman Pvt. Ltd.

Chitamber, J.B., Introduction Rural Sociology, Wiley Eastern Ltd.

Chitamber, J.B., Agrarian Changes in India

Kurukshetra, July 2013, For SHG

MC-7

CREDIT: 4

URBAN SOCIETY IN INDIA

1. **Nature and scope of urban Sociology**

   a) Urbanization and Urbanism

   b) Urban community concepts and characteristics

   c) Approaches to the study of Urban society

2. **Early Towns: Locations, features and functions**

   Urban India: History and Treads of Urbanization in India

   Recent Treads in Urbanization, New forces, spread of urban centres, classification of Towns and cities in

   Terms of sizes and functions

3. **Nature of urban society** in India family, classes, caste, urban groups and associations, strangers and traders, service providers

4. **Urban problems and policies in India**

References:

Abraham. M.-(1976) Urban Sociology, Prentice Hall

Rao,M.S.A.,C.Bhatt & Kadekar,L.N.(Eds)-(1991): A reader in Urban Sociology,Orient Longman ,New Delhi

Desai, A.R. &Pillai(ed)-(1970) Slums and Urbanization, Popular Publications

Srivastava, A.K. 1989 Urbanization: Concept and Growth , D.K. Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi

Prakasa Rao VLS-(1983). Urbanization in India, Concept Publishing Co.

Bose Ashish –(1974) Studies in India's Urbanization 1961-1971, Tata Mc Graw Hill

Ramachandran, R.-(1991) Urbanization and Urban Systems in India, OUP ,Delhi

Ronnan Paddison -(2001), Handbook of Urban Studies ,Sage India

Robin Cohem & Paul Kenedy, Global Sociology, Palgrave,Maclinan

N. Joyaram & D. Raja Shekhar(ed) 2012 Vulnerebility & Globalization , Rawat Publications

Ramaswamy & Uma Rawaswamy – (1981) Industry and Labour. OUP

Miller. D.C. & Form, W.H.- (1980) Industrial Sociology. Harper and Row

Nandkarni Laxmi –(1998) Sociology of Industrial workers, Jaipur, Rawat Publications

Schneider Eugene- (1979) Industrial Sociology, New Delhi, Tata Mac. Graw Hills

Seth,N.R.(Ed)-(1982) Industrial Sociology in India, Kolkata, Allied Publications

Ramaswamy,E.A,-(1988) Industry and Labour ,New Delhi ,OUP

Ramaswamy,E.A.-(1978) Industrial Revolution in India, New Delhi

Miller and form-(1964) Industrial Sociology, Harper and Row, New York

Gilbert, S.J.-(1985) Fundamentals of Industrial Sociology, Tata Mac Graw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., New Delhi

SEMESTER V

MC-8

CREDIT: 4

Foundation of Sociological Thought (Indian)

1. Approaches to Sociological study of Indian Society : Textual Vs Field View

2. Contributions of Indian Sociologists
    a) Benoy Kumar Sarkar: Personality, Progress, Culture
    b) P. Geddes: Ecology
    c) G.S. Ghurge: Caste and Tribe, Indian Social order
    d) A.R. Desai: Rural Agrarian Socioloy, Social change
    e) Dhurjati Prasad Mukherjee: Personality, Idea of Community
    f) Radha Kamal Mukherjee: Indian Tradition, Ecology
    g) A.K. Saran: Caste
    h) D.N. Majumdar: Urban life, Tribe
    i) M.N. Srinivas: Dominant Caste, Social change, Modernization
    j) S.C. Dube: Indian society, public distribution, Rural life, Community development
    k) Surajit Sinha: Anthropology of Tribes
    l) Iravati karve: Kinship, Kinship organization
    m) N.K. Bose: Cultural Anthropology, Structure of Hindu Society

Bannerji, A., Historical Materialism and Political Analysis : K.P. Baghi
Makhon Jha , An Introduction to Anthropological Thought , Vikas Publishing House
Behura Anthropoligal Thought and Theories : Institute of Social Research and Applied Anthropology, Calcutta.
Spencer, H., Principles of Sociology
Duttagupta, S., Marxia Rastachinta(Bengali) Pochimbanga Rastro Pustak Parsad
Blumer, H., Symbolic Interactionism,- Perspective and Method. Prentice Hall,
Bose, N. K., The Structure of Hindu Society, Orient Longman, Kolkata(1975)
Srinivas, Social Change in Modern India, Allied Publications.1966
Gore , Education Modernization in India, Rawat Publication, Jaipur,1982
Singh , Modernization of Indian Tradition, Thomson Press, Delhi-197
Madam T.N 1995 Pathways, Approaches for the study of Society in India in Delhi, OUP
Aron Raymond- (1967) Main Currents in Sociological Thoughts (2 Vols.), Penguin Books
Bhattacharya, S. K., 1979 Indian Sociology: Role of Benoy Kumar Sarkar

Nagla, B. K., 2008, Indian Sociological Thought, New Delhi Publication

Dhanagore, 2011, Themes & Perspectives in Indian Sociology, Rawat Publications

MC-9
CREDIT: 4

INDUSTRUAL SOCIOLOGY

1. Industrial Society and Industrial Sociology: Concepts

Basic Concepts: Industrialization; Industrialism; Industrial society; Post-Industrial society; Information Society; Formal Organizations; Informal organizations

Nature and Scope of Industrial Sociology;

Industrial Revolution and the birth of Industries in the West

The evolution of industries and changing concept of industry and organizations

2. Approaches and Changes in Productive systems

Scientific Management Theory; Taylorism; Human Relations Theory; Fordism, Post-Fordism; Japanization;

Types of productive systems: Guild system, Putting-out system, Factory system; Automation and work; Industrial bureaucracy: Theoretical perspective, structure and characteristics; Line-staff Organization

Communication in industry; Workers participation in management; Labour welfare; Function and role of Trade-Union

Assembly-line production; Flexible specialization; Numerical flexibility; Informal relationships in formal organizations;

3. Relationship between Industry and Society with reference to India

Impact of family on industry in India; Impact of industries on Families in India;

Impact of industrialization on Caste

Class and class conflict in industrial society; Obstacles to and limitations of industrialization with respect to class, family in India: Monopoly in industry; Licence-Raj

4. Industrial policies in India

Liberalization, Privatization; Globalization

Industrial Policy in India after 1991

References:

Miller.D.C. & Form,W.H.-(1980)Industrial Sociology,Harper and Row

Nandkarni Laxmi-(1998) Sociology of Industrial Workers, Jaipur,Rawat

Schneider Eugene-(1979) Industrial Sociology,New Delhi,Tata Mac Graw Hills

Seth,N.R.(ed)-(1982)Industrial Sociology in India,Kolkata,Allied Publishers

Ramaswamy,E.A,-(1988)Industry and Labour,New Delhi,OUP

Ramaswamy,E.A,-(1978)Industrial Revolution in India,New Delhi

Miller and form-(1964) Industrial Sociology,Harper and Row,New York

Gilbert,S.J.-(1985)FundaMENTALS OF Industrial Sociology,Tata Mac Graw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.,New Delhi

MC-10
CREDIT: 4

POPULATION AND SOCIETY

1. **Concept, scope and significance**
Relation of population studies with other social sciences:

Demography. Sociology. Economics

2. **Theories of population**
Malthusian Theory

Optimum Population Theory

Demographic transition

3. **Demographic processes**
Fertility: Concept, Factors. Trends, Measures

Mortality: Concept. Factors. Trends. Measures

Migration: Trends and Factors

4. **a) Structure, features and dynamics of Population.**
Population Structure and features. Sex and Age characteristics, Sex- ratio: Rural-urban composition, Population and Economic development in India

b) Population, Planning and control

Population policy in India

Family planning and welfare programmes

Population control in India: Role of technology, voluntary organization

References :

Sinha and E.Zectaria-(1984) Elements of Demography, New Delhi Allied

Asha,A.Bhenda & Tara Karitkar-(1985) Principles of population Studies,Bombay,Himalayan pub. House (Recent Ed)

B.L.Raina-(1988) Population Policy,R.R. Publishing Co., Delhi

B.Kuppuswamy-(1975) Population and Society in India, Bombay, Popular

G.R.Madan-(1969)Indian Social Problems(Vol-1 & 2)

Rajendra Sharma- (1997) Demography and Population Problems, New Delhi

Srivastava, O. S. Demography and Population Studies, New Delhi, Vikash Pub. House (1994)

Govt. of India- Census of India Reports

Ashis Bose- Demographic Diversity of India, Delhi, B.R. Publishing Corporation (1991)

Ram Ahuja-(1992) Social Problems in India, Jaipur, Rawat

Rajendra Pandey-(1995) Social Problems of Contemporary India, New Delhi, Ashis Pub House.

MC-11
CREDIT: 4

SOCIOLOGY OF TRIBAL SOCIETY

Unit I Tribe, Caste

The concept of tribe; tribe and caste; Demographic profile: habitat, distribution and concentration of tribal people; tribal zones; sex ratio; status of women

Unit II- Classification of tribal people

Classification of tribal people in India with reference to living, culture, family organization, kinship structure and economic organization of : food gatherer and hunter tribe; shifting cultivators; nomads; pastoralist; peasants; settled agriculturists; artisan tribes

Socio-cultural profile of tribes in India: ethnic and cultural diversity; characteristic features of tribal society; kinship, marriage and family; tribal languages; religious beliefs and practices; cultural traditions

Unit III- Social mobility and change

Hinduization and Sanskritization; Formation of tribal states; The impact of colonial rule on tribal society; post-independent scenario and tribal development; problems of tribal people: poverty, illiteracy, indebtedness, land alienation, agrarian issues, exploitation

Unit IV- Tribal movements

Tribal movements in colonial and post-independence period

Tribal integration and identity

Tribal communities of the state/ region

References:

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SEMESTER VI
MC-12
CREDIT: 4

SOCIOLOGY OF ENVIRONMENT

1. **Environment and its concept:** Environment, Ecology, Ecosystem
   Scope and importance

   Genesis: (Initiatives of the State and International agencies) Stockholm, Environment and sustainable development, our common future, discussing the Summits

2. **Theoretical Foundations**
   Emile Durkheim, Max Weber, Karl Marx, Parsons

   Anthony Giddens

   Approaches: Gandhian, Ecofeminism, and Anthropocentric

3. **Environmental movements: Some Reflections**
   Chipko movement, Narmada bachao andolan, Silent valley movement, Ganga bachao abhyan, Forest rights

4. **Environmental protection act and International aggrements:**
   Montreal and Kyoto protocol

   Convention of Biological Diversity (CBD)

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Shiva, V, 1998, Staying Alive, Kali For Women, New Delhi

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MC-13
SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY AND SOCIETY

1. Emergence of modern science in the West

Enlightenment, Industrial revolution, Newtonian Physics, development of medicine and the rise of modern science; Instituting science in society: Royal Anthropological Society and such bodies

2. Indian encounter with modern science

Interpreting the field: Moving towards the empirical; Institutionalizing science in colonial India

3. Science in post-independent India

Nehruian vision of Science; Formation of Dams, Green revolution, Industrialization

Anti-Science studies in India: challenging Indian scientific development (contribution of Ashis Nandi, Vandana Shiva)

Critique of Anti-Science approach (Meera Manda)

4. Liberalization, Privatization and Globalization

The impact of LPG on Indian science and technology; The issue of intellectual property rights; Impact of science and technology on rural and urban India; Sustainability debate, Resourse-use; Pseudo-science; Role of ICT and social media in contemporary India

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MC-14

<u>SOCIAL RESEACH METHODS</u>

1. **Social Research**: Meaning , Scope and Significance ·

2. **Scientific study of social phenomenon**
The Scientific Method: Positivism and Empiricism in sociology; Objectivity and Subjectivity; Deductive and Inductive; Types of Research: Basic and Applied, Historical and empirical, Descriptive, Exploratory, Experimental survey

3. **Research Design**
Purposes of research; Problem formulation; Conceptualization; Major steps in research design; Factors affecting research design; Hypothesis formulation

4. **Methods**
Positivism in research; Critique of positivist Tradition; Hermenentics and Interpretative Sociology in research; Observation (positivist and non-positivist trends), Discourse Analysis, Oral History, Narrative Research, Ethnography, Thick and Thin Description; Analysis of Records: Public records

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MC-15
CREDIT: 4

RETHINKING DEVELOPMENT

1. Unpacking Development: Underdevelopment and Development. Knowledge and power, Development and Globalization

2. Theorizing Development: modernization, underdevelopment, environmental crisis

3. Developmental Regimes in India

4. Issues in Developmental Praxis

References

1. Unpacking Development:

   Bernstein, Henry. Underdevelopment and Development. Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1973. Introduction: Development and the Social Sciences. Pp. 13 – 28. 1.2 Wolfgang, Sachs (ed.) The Development Dictionary: A Guide to Knowledge and Power. London: Zed Books. 1992. pp. 1-21. 1.3 Rist, Gilbert. The History of Development. London: Zed, 2008. Pp. 8 – 46 1.4 Ferguson, J. 2005. 'Anthropology and its Evil Twin; 'Development' in the Constitution of a Discipline', in M. Edelman and A. Haugerud (eds.) The Anthropology of Development and Globalization. Blackwell Publishing. pp 140-151.

2. Theorizing Development:

   Harrison, David. The Sociology Of Modernization And Development. London: Routledge, 1991. Chapters 1 &2. Pp. 1 – 54 80 2.2 Frank, Andre Gunder. 1966. 'The Development of Underdevelopment', Monthly Review. 18 (4) September 17-31

   Redclift, Michael. 1984. Development and the Environmental Crisis. Red or Green alternatives? New York: Methuen & Co. Chapter 1 and 7. pp 5-19, 122-130

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   Sanyal. Kalyan. 2007. Rethinking Capitalist Development: Primitive Accumulation, Governmentality and Post-Colonial Capitalism. New Delhi: Routledge, pp 168-189

   Sen, A. 1999. Development as Freedom. New Delhi : Oxford University Press, pp. 3-11

3. Developmental Regimes in India

Bardhan, Pranab. The Political Economy of Development In India. Delhi: Oxford, 1992. Pp. 1-60

Chatterjee, Partha. Democracy and Economic Transformation in India, Economic and Political Weekly. Vol. 43, No. 16 (Apr. 19 - 25, 2008), pp. 53-62

4. Issues in Developmental Praxis

Scudder. T. 1996. 'Induced Impoverishment, Resistance and River Basin Development' in Christopher McDowell (ed.) Understanding Impoverishment: The Consequences of Development Induced Displacement. Oxford: Berghahn books. Pp. 49-78.

Sharma, Aradhana. Logics of Empowerment: Development, Gender and Governance in Neoliberal India. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota Press, 2008. Chapters. Introduction, Chapter 4 and Conclusion

SEMESTER VII
MC-16

GENDER AND SOCIETY

1. Social construction of Gender

Women family: roles and functions as defined by patriarchal ideology

private Vs. public dichotomy; sexual division of labour

2. Gender and sociological analysis

Feminist critique of prevailing sociological theories

Feminist critique of sociological methods and methodology

3. Women in India

Reformist movement and position of women in India: Gender-gap and demographic profile of women in India

4. Issues affecting the quality of life of women

Education, Health, Land rights, violence, communalism, ecology and development

References:

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MC-17

SOCIOLOGY OF HEALTH AND MEDICINE

1. Introduction to the Sociology of Health and Medicine

1.1 Origins and Development

1.2 Conceptualising Disease, Sickness and Illness

1.3 Social and Cultural Dimensions of Illness and Medicine.

2. Theoretical Orientations in Health

2.1 Political Economy

2.2 Systems Approach

2.3 Discourse and Power

2.4 Feminist Approach

3. Negotiating Health and Illness

3.1 Medical Practices

3.2 Health Policy in India

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MC-18

CREDIT: 4

SOCIAL STATISTICS FOR RESEARCH

1. **Use of statistics in Social Research and quantitative methods**
2. **Basic Concepts**: Statistics, population, parameter, statistics, Sample, variable
3. **Analysis and presentation of Data**

Meaning of Data Analysis

Classification

Coding and Tabulation

Mean, Median, Mode

Range, variance, Standard Deviation

References

Elliffson, Fundamentals of Social Statistics

Goon, A.M., M.K. Gupta and B. Dasgupta- (1978) Basic Statistics Kolkata World Press Pvt. Ltd

Blalock, Social Statistics

MC-19

CREDIT: 4

CRIME AND SOCIETY

1. Conceptions and types of crime

Sociological views on crime; crime and delinquency: absolute and relative definitions

Types of crime: White-collar crime, Organized crime, Victimless crime, Terrorism related crimes, cyber crime

2. Explanations of crime

Classical positivist explanation of crime

Sociological perspectives: Differential association, delinquent sub-culture, Anomie, Marxian perspective, Labelling perspective

3. Crime and criminals

Changing profile of crime and criminals in India

4. Theories of punishment, prison and correction

Theories of punishment: retributive, deterrent, reformative

Theories of prison: Foucauldian perspective: panoptican; surveillance

Types of correction: prison based, community-based, probation, parole, open-prison

References:

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SEMESTER VIII

DSE-4 (MAJOR)

FAMILY AND INTIMACY

Family and intimacy

1. What is Family?
2. Family and Intimacy: Themes and Accounts
3. Family and Intimacy: Critiques and Transformations'

References

Mitterauer, Michael, and Reinhard Sieder. The European Family. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1982. Chapter 1 Family as an Historical Social Form Pp. 1-21

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Levi-Strauss, Claude. 'The Family' in Harry L. Shapiro (ed.) Man, Culture and Society. New York: Oxford University Press. Pp 261 - 285

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Fruzzetti, Lina M. The Gift of a Virgin Women, Marriage, and Ritual in a Bengali Society. Delhi: OUP. 1993. Introduction and Chapter 1. Sampradan: The Gift of Women and Status of Men. Pp. 1 – 28

Trawick, Margaret Notes on Love in a Tamil Family. Delhi: Oxford University Press. 1996. Chapters. 3 & 5 The Ideology of Love & Siblings and Spouses. Pp 89 - 116 & 187 - 204.

Raheja, Gloria Goodwin. and Ann Grodzins Gold. Listen To The Heron's Words: Reimagining Gender and Kinship in North India. Delhi: Oxford University Press. 1996.

Chapter 2. Sexuality, Fertility and Erotic Imagination in Rajasthani Women's Songs. Pp. 30 – 72 3.

The Anti-Social Family. London: Verso, 1991. Chapter 2. The Anti-Social Family. Pp. 43 – 80

Cartledge, Sue, and Joanna Ryan. Sex & Love: New Thoughts on Old Contradictions. London: Women's Press, 1983. Chapter 7 'Is a Feminist Heterosexuality Possible?' Pp. 105 – 123

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